## Name:

Math 445, University of New Hampshire

1. Given a vector $v$, write one line of Matlab code that returns its 1 st, 2 nd, and 9 th elements.
2. Given a $3 \times 5$ matrix A, write one line of Matlab code that sets its third colum to a vector with elements 5, 7, and 2 .
3. Write one line of Matlab code that creates an anonymous function that computes the value of the polynomial $4 x^{3}+3 x^{2}-2 x-7$ for an input argument $x$.
4. How would you use Matlab and the anonymous function from problem 3 to find a numerical solution to the equation $4 x^{3}+3 x^{2}-2 x-7=0$ ? One line of code should do it.
5. Write a few lines of Matlab code that would plot $y=e^{-4 x} \sin (2 x)$ versus $x$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 2$ as a green line with a superimposed grid. Label your axes.
6. Write one line of Matlab code that evaluates to 1 (true) if $x$ is less than 4 and $y$ greater than or equal to 6 , and 0 (false) otherwise.
7. Write a few lines of Matlab code that would evaluate the folowing sum for the value $x=\pi / 6$.

$$
\sum_{n=0}^{20}(-1)^{n} \frac{x^{2 n}}{(2 n)!}
$$

8. Write Matlab code that would solve the system of equations.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3 x+y+2 z-6=0 \\
9 z-x-8=0 \\
5 y-4 x-1=0
\end{array}
$$

9. Write a Matlab function that computes the mean (i.e. average) of the components of a vector $x$ according to the formula

$$
\operatorname{mean}(x)=\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_{i}
$$

where $N$ is the length of the vector. Your function should evaluate this sum directly using a for loop, not by calling Matlab's sum or mean function.
10. What is $y$ as a function of $x$ ? Give an explicit formula for $y(x)$ with specific numerical constants.


